BUSINESS FINANCE (ACC501) ASSIGNMENT NO.1 FALL 2024

Solution:

Given Data

Current tuition fee: \$12,000 Annual increase in tuition fee: 8% Time (n): 10 years Current savings: \$13,000

Part (a): What would the tuition fee of the state college be after 10 years?

Now we will use the future value (FV) formula to calculate the tuition fee: $FV=PV\times(1+r)nFV = PV \setminus times (1+r)^n$

Where:

PV=12,000PV = 12,000 (current tuition fee)

r=8%=0.08r=8%=0.08 (annual increase rate)

n = 10n = 10 (years)

Substituting values: FV=12,000×(1+0.08)10FV = 12,000 \times (1 + 0.08)^{10} FV=12,000×(1.08)10FV = 12,000 \times (1.08)^{10}

First, calculate (1.08)10(1.08)^{10} (1.08)10=2.1589(1.08)^{10} = 2.1589

Now calculate FVFV: FV=12,000×2.1589FV = 12,000 \times 2.1589 FV=25,906.8FV = 25,906.8

Answer: The tuition fee after 10 years will be \$25,906.80

Part (b): At what interest rate should Mr. Abid invest his savings (\$13,000) so that the future value of his investment equates with the future value of tuition fees?

Now we will use the future value formula again: $FV=PV\times(1+r)nFV = PV \setminus (1+r)^n$

Here:

FV=25,906.8FV = 25,906.8 (future tuition fee) PV=13,000PV = 13,000 (current savings) n=10n = 10 (years) r=?r = ?Rearranging for rr:

 $\begin{array}{l} 1+r=(FVPV)1n1+r=\left(\frac{FV}{PV}\right)^{right}^{n} \\ r=(FVPV)1n-1r=\left(\frac{FV}{PV}\right)^{right}^{n} \\ \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{l} Substitute \ values: \\ r = (25,906.813,000) \\ 110 - 1r = \left| left(\left| frac \{25,906.8\} \{13,000\} \right| \\ r = (1.9928) \\ 110 - 1r = \left| left(1.9928 \right| \\ right)^{\{ frac \{1\} \{10\} \} - 1 } \\ \end{array} \right.$

First, calculate $(1.9928)110(1.9928)^{\{1\}}$: $(1.9928)110=1.0718(1.9928)^{\{1\}} = 1.0718$

Now calculate rr: r=1.0718-1r = 1.0718 - 1 r=0.0718r = 0.0718

Convert to percentage: r=7.18% r = 7.18\%

Answer:

The interest rate required is 7.18% per year.

Part (c): How long will it take for the future value of his savings (\$13,000) to equate with the future value of tuition fees if invested at an interest rate of 8%?

We use the future value formula again: $FV=PV\times(1+r)nFV = PV \setminus times (1 + r)^n$ Rearranging for nn: $n=\log[f_0](FVPV)\log[f_0](1+r)n = \frac{\log[f_0](1+r)}{\log(1+r)}$

Here:

FV=25,906.8FV = 25,906.8 (future tuition fee)

PV=13,000PV = 13,000 (current savings)

r=8%=0.08r=8%=0.08

First, calculate $\log \frac{f_0}{1.9928} \setminus \log(1.9928)$: $\log \frac{f_0}{1.9928} = 0.3006 \setminus \log(1.9928) = 0.3006$

Next, calculate $\log \frac{f_0}{1.08} (1.08) \log(1.08)$: $\log \frac{f_0}{1.08} = 0.03342 \log(1.08) = 0.03342$

Now calculate nn: n=0.30060.03342n = $\frac{0.3006}{0.03342}$ n=8.99n = 8.99

Answer:

So, it will take approximately 9 years for the savings to equate with the future value of tuition fees.

These are the final answers:

- a) Tuition fee after 10 years: \$25,906.80
- b) Required interest rate: 7.18% per year
- c) Time required at 8% interest rate: 9 years

THANK YOU

